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JAVIER NAVA and BRIAN NUNEZ,

Plaintiffs,

VS.

THE LAW OFFICES OF CONRAD J. BENEDETTO, JOHN GROFF, CONRAD J. BENEDETTO, ESQUIRE, ABC CORPORATIONS 1-5 (fictitious names describing presently unidentified business entities); and JOHN DOES 1-5 (fictitious names describing presently unidentified individuals),

Defendants.

SUPERIOR COURT OF NEW JERSEY LAW DIVISION CAMDEN COUNTY

DOCKET NO.

Civil Action

COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY

Plaintiffs Javier Nava ("Plaintiff Nava") and Brian Nunez ("Plaintiff Nunez") (collectively "Plaintiffs"), by way of Complaint against Defendant The Law Offices of Conrad J. Benedetto ("Benedetto Firm"), Defendant John Groff ("Defendant Groff"), and Defendant Conrad J. Benedetto, Esquire ("Defendant Benedetto") (collectively "Defendants") allege as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff Nava is an individual residing in Orange County in the State of Florida. He is a survivor of the Pulse Nightclub shooting and, in connection therewith, previously engaged the legal representation of Benedetto Firm and Benedetto.
- 2. Plaintiff Nunez is an individual residing in Providence County in the State of Rhode Island. He is a survivor of the Pulse Nightclub shooting and, in connection therewith, previously engaged the legal representation of Benedetto Firm and Benedetto.
- 3. Benedetto Firm is a law office with locations in New Jersey, Pennsylvania, New York, Nevada, Maryland, Michigan, Louisiana and Arkansas. At all times relevant hereto, Benedetto Firm 's office is located at 1233 Haddonfield Berlin Road, Suite 1, Voorhees, New Jersey 08043 was the "employer" of Defendants Groff and Benedetto as defined under the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination *N.J.S.A.* 10:5-1, *et seq.* ("NJLAD").
- 4. Defendant Groff, at all times relevant hereto, is an individual employed by Benedetto Firm and Benedetto. This claim is brought against Defendant Groff in his individual capacity and/or as an agent or servant of Benedetto Firm.
- 5. Defendant Benedetto, at all times relevant hereto, is an individual and the owner of Benedetto Firm. This claim is brought against Defendant Benedetto in his individual capacity and/or as an agent or servant of Benedetto Firm. At all times relevant hereto, Defendant Benedetto is an "employer" as defined under the NJLAD.
- 6. Defendant ABC Corporations 1 through 5 are currently unidentified business entities who have acted in concert with Benedetto Firm, and/or currently unidentified business entities responsible for the creation and/or implementation of harassment or anti-retaliation policies of Benedetto Firm, and/or currently unidentified business entities who have liability for the damages suffered by Plaintiffs under any theory advanced therein.
- 7. Defendants John Does 1 through 5 are currently unidentified individuals who acted in concert with Defendants and/or currently unidentified individuals responsible for the creation and/or implementation of harassment or anti-retaliation policies of Benedetto Firm and

are currently unidentified individuals who may have liability for the damages suffered by Plaintiffs under any theory advanced herein.

- 8. Plaintiffs allege on information and belief that the Defendants at all times relative to this action were the agents, servants, partners, joint-venturers and employees of each of the other Defendants and, in doing the acts alleged herein, were acting with the knowledge and consent of each of the other Defendants in this action.
- 9. Plaintiffs allege on information and belief that there exists, and at all times herein mentioned existed, a unity of interest and ownership between Defendants, such that any individuality and separateness between them has ceased, and each are the alter ego of the other.
- 10. Plaintiffs allege on information and belief that adherence to the fiction of the separate existence of any Defendant as an entity distinct from any other would permit an abuse of the corporate privilege and would sanction fraud and promote injustice in that the acts alleged herein were the result of Defendants' acts, however, pursuant to some of the pertinent documents herein described, it appears that other Defendants benefitted from the acts alleged herein.

NATURE OF THE ACTION

- 11. This is an action brought by Plaintiffs, former clients of Benedetto Firm and Defendant Benedetto, to recover damages and other relief for discrimination and retaliation under the NJLAD.
- 12. Plaintiffs seek compensatory and punitive damages, lost wages, attorneys' fees, costs, and such other relief as the Court deems equitable and just.

FACTS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

- 13. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference herein each and every allegation contained herein above as though fully set forth and brought in this cause of action.
- 14. On the night of June 12, 2016, Omar Mateen opened fire on patrons of Pulse Nightclub in Florida, killing 49 people and wounding 58 others ("Pulse Shooting"). Plaintiffs Nunez and Nava were among the survivors of the Pulse Shooting.

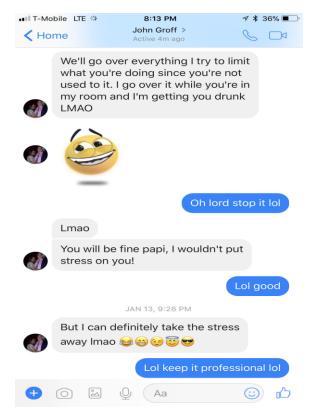
- 15. Defendant Groff, who introduced himself to Plaintiffs as Benedetto Firm's Office Manager, solicited Plaintiffs to be clients of Benedetto Firm and Benedetto almost immediately following the Pulse Shooting.
- 16. Indeed, as an employee and agent of the New Jersey based Benedetto Firm and Benedetto, Defendant Groff made contact with Plaintiffs Nunez and Nava and induced them into an attorney-client relationship with Defendant Benedetto.
- 17. To do so, Defendant Groff advised Plaintiffs that they had viable legal causes of action based on their presence at Pulse Nightclub during the Pulse Shooting.
- 18. Upon reliance of Defendant Groff's aforementioned representations, Plaintiffs retained Benedetto Firm and Defendant Benedetto as legal counsel to represent their interests in a lawsuit for damages stemming from the Pulse Shooting.
- 19. As if in-person solicitation of victims was not bad enough, Defendant Groff also used other predatory means to gain the trust of prospective client mass shooting victims, Defendant Groff even created and maintained a Facebook group called "Survivors of Mass Shootings" whose stated purpose is to "help each other through our healing process, rather it be a few days or a lifetime."
- 20. By holding himself out on Facebook as a fellow victim, Defendant Groff gained access for Defendant Benedetto to a database of vulnerable victims.
- 21. Soon after Plaintiffs retained Benedetto Firm and Benedetto, Defendant Groff began texting Plaintiffs, not for professional purposes relating to their cases, but to establish personal relationships with Plaintiffs and to groom them for his imminent sexual harassment in violation of the NJLAD.
- 22. Although Plaintiffs retained Benedetto Firm and Benedetto in early 2017, they heard nothing about their respective cases for months.

¹ See https://www.nytimes.com/2018/04/30/us/mass-shootings-lawyers.html

- 23. Thereafter, on October 1, 2017, Stephen Paddock opened fire on concertgoers at the Route 91 Harvest Music Festival in Las Vegas, Nevada ("Rt. 91 Shooting").
- 24. Following the Rt. 91 Shooting, Defendants used Plaintiffs for their own financial benefit to recruit Rt. 91 Shooting victims to retain Benedetto Firm and Benedetto for legal representation.
- 25. Indeed, knowing Plaintiffs' vulnerable condition and the emotional trauma with which they were continuing to cope post Pulse Shooting, Defendant Groff took advantage and convinced Plaintiffs to travel with him to Nevada and California to speak with other shooting survivors and convince them to retain Benedetto Firm and Benedetto.
- 26. To facilitate this exploitative goal, Defendant Groff represented to Plaintiffs that Defendants would pay for all lodging, transportation and food expenses in return for Plaintiffs meeting with other shooting survivors and convincing them to retain Benedetto Firm and Benedetto.
- 27. Plaintiffs originally believed the trips would be somewhat therapeutic, a way for shooting victims to connect and share their respective stories. However, Plaintiffs quickly learned that they were being used.
- 28. Once in Nevada, Defendant Groff's demeanor changed, as did his interactions with Plaintiffs.
- 29. Defendant Groff began to treat Plaintiffs like employees hired to recruit other shooting victims, advising "do your job and get other people to sign up."
- 30. On behalf of the Benedetto Firm, Defendant Groff even pressured Plaintiff Nunez to record a promotional video, essentially exploiting his victim story to recruit additional clients.
- 31. Although Plaintiff Nunez felt extremely uncomfortable recording the promotional video, he eventually acquiesced to Defendants' demands.
- 32. It also became clear to Plaintiffs that Defendant Groff sought to use the trip as a way to sexually solicit shooting survivors, including but not limited to Plaintiffs.

- 33. Specifically, Defendant Groff began flirting with and sexually harassing Plaintiff Nunez.
- 34. When Plaintiff Nunez rebuked Defendant Groff's sexual advances, Defendant Groff retaliated against Plaintiff Nunez, threatening to withhold money for lodging, transportation, and food.
- 35. Plaintiff Nava was not aware of Defendant Groff's sexual advances and harassment toward Plaintiff Nunez at the time, so the group continued to its next stop, California.
- 36. The first stop was Riverside. Once in Riverside, Defendant Groff began to flirt and subject Plaintiff Nava to sexual advances.
- 37. Like Plaintiff Nunez, Plaintiff Nava rejected Defendant Groff's sexual advances, and Defendant Groff retaliated.
- 38. With no money of their own and no way to get home, Plaintiffs were forced to continue with Defendant Groff onto the next planned stop Sacramento.
- 39. Unfortunately, Defendant Groff continued his course of retaliation against Plaintiffs on the way to Sacramento.
- 40. Seemingly enraged that Plaintiffs had rejected his sexual requests and advances, Defendant Groff began acting in a hostile and erratic manner.
- 41. By way of example but not limitation, Defendant Groff drove like a madman through California, almost causing several accidents and resulting in Plaintiffs hitting their heads on the roof of the car. Defendant Groff also began to withhold money for food.
- 42. Once on the trip together to Nevada and California, Defendant Groff's sexual advances toward Plaintiffs became more direct and frequent.
- 43. Defendant Groff demanded sexual favors and retaliated when Plaintiffs rejected him.
- 44. Indeed, throughout what was supposed to be a professional relationship with Plaintiffs, Defendant Groff sent Plaintiffs sexually explicit text messages and pornographic images in attempts to entice Plaintiffs to enter into a sexual relationship with him.

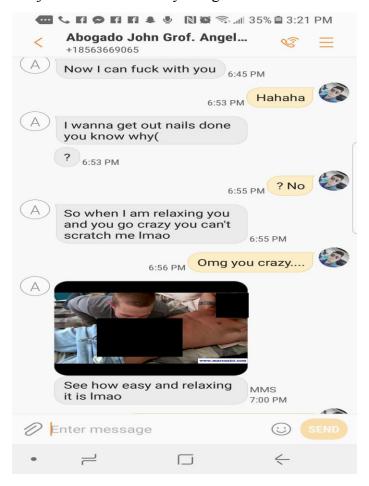
- 45. In these messages, Defendant Groff frequently discussed getting Plaintiff Nunez "drunk" so he could force himself sexually upon Plaintiff Nunez without consent, even stating "I don't like that word" when Plaintiff Nunez asked Defendant Groff to "stop."
- 46. Indeed, under the guise of discussing Plaintiffs' roles in meeting prospective clients for Benedetto Firm and Benedetto, Defendant Groff stated, "I go over it while you're in my room and I'm getting you drunk" to which Plaintiff Nunez responded "stop it" and "...keep it professional."



- 47. These were not isolated incidents, as Defendant Groff regularly discussed getting Plaintiffs drunk so he could take advantage of them sexually.
- 48. By way of example but not limitation, Defendant Groff advised Plaintiff Nava "keep drinking" so "I can f*ck with you."
- 49. Seemingly innocent and professional discussions between Plaintiffs and Defendant Groff almost always turned sexually charged. For instance, on one occasion Defendant Groff advised Plaintiff Nava that he wanted to get his nails done with Plaintiff Nava.

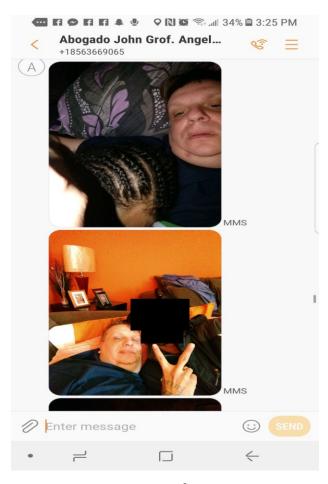
Thereafter Defendant Groff explained it would be so "you can't scratch me" when performing sexual acts on each other.

50. Defendant Groff then texted a pornographic image of a man performing oral sex on another man. This was not the only sexually explicit photograph Defendant Groff forwarded to Plaintiff Nava. Indeed, Defendant Groff regularly sent pornographic images of male genitals to Plaintiff Nava in conjunction with sexually charged conversation.

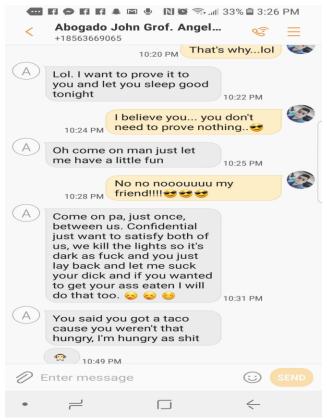


51. Upon sending Plaintiff Nava pornographic images of a man with whom Defendant Groff had supposedly engaged in sexual intercourse, Defendant Groff advised Plaintiff Nava "He would put a hurting on you took me a while to get used to that" and attempted to again lure Plaintiff Nava into sexual intercourse, stating "I'm hoping you will let me relax you later between us."

- 52. In further attempts to induce Plaintiff Nava into a sexual relationship, Defendant Groff sent Plaintiff Nava screen shots of text messages from an individual supposedly giving a positive review of Defendant Groff's abilities concerning "s*cking d*ck," stating "see what I do?"
- 53. Plaintiff Nava, concerned about facing additional retaliation from Defendant Groff, attempted to diffuse the situation and ignore his blatant sexual advances, to which Defendant Groff replied "Damn keep avoiding my comments."
- 54. Defendant Groff also sent Plaintiff Nava a photograph of him with a younger man laying together, stating "I can make it happen. I'm a freak."
- 55. In response, Plaintiff rejected Defendant Groff, stating, "I'm a good boy..." to which Defendant Groff stated "f*ck that" and sent Plaintiff Nava a picture of a man apparently performing oral sex on Defendant Groff.

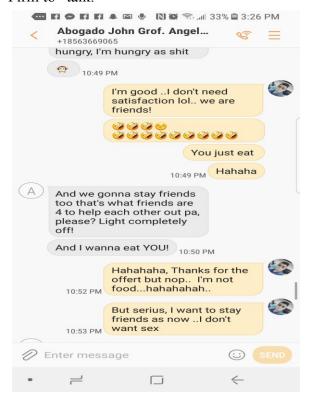


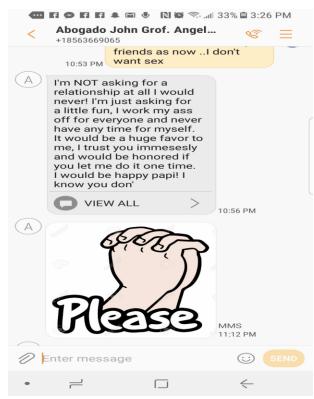
- 56. Defendant Groff continued bragging about his sexual exploits. In response, Plaintiff Nava stated "U [sic] are danger..." to which Defendant Groff replied "Nah just know how to relax a guy. Lights out, s*ck it nice and slow and let you bust. Trust me..."
- 57. Defendant Groff also stated he wanted to "prove" his sexual skill to Plaintiff Nava, to which Plaintiff Nava replied "I believe you ... you don't need to prove nothing."
- 58. Rather than backing off, Defendant Groff continued hounding Plaintiff Nava, to which Plaintiff Nava replied that Defendant Groff was just his friend.
- 59. In turn, Defendant Groff stated "Come on pa, just once, between us. Confidential just want to satisfy both of us, we kill the lights so its dark as f*ck and you just lay back and let me s*ck your d*ck and if you wanted to get your a** eaten I will do that too ... I'm hungry as shit."

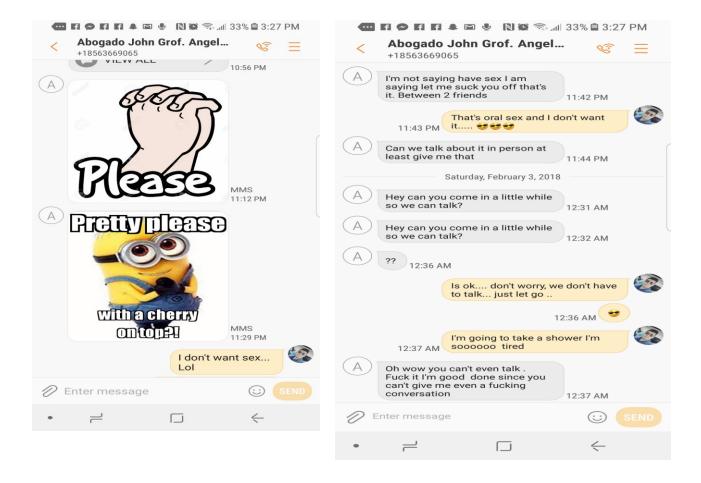


60. Again, Plaintiff Nava refused Defendant Groff's advances, stating "I'm good.. I don't need satisfaction ... we are friends!"

- 61. Plaintiff Nava continued, "Thanks for the offert [sic] but nop [sic] I'm not food ... but serius, [sic] I want to stay friends as now .. I don't want sex."
- 62. Defendant Groff ignored Plaintiff Nava's rejection and continued pursuing a sexual relationship with him.
 - 63. Again, Plaintiff Nava stated "I don't want sex ..."
- 64. Defendant Groff replied, "I'm not saying have sex I am saying let me s*ck you off that's it. Between 2 friends."
- 65. Plaintiff Nava continued to rebuke Defendant Groff's advances, "That's oral sex and I don't want it..."
- 66. Defendant Groff then incessantly asked Plaintiff Nava to "come in" to Benedetto Firm to "talk."







- 67. When Plaintiff refused and asked Defendant Groff to "let [it] go," Defendant Groff became irate and subjected Plaintiff to additional retaliation.
- 68. Despite Plaintiffs' clear and numerous rebukes of his advances, Defendant Groff refused to acquiesce, even joking about being rejected, stating "Angel just hit me up and was like ewww stop it lmao little b*tch."
- 69. Even worse, Defendant Groff used the vulnerable position Plaintiffs were in to collect private information about Plaintiffs to be used later as sexual blackmail, even stating "Angel and I are very close, he knows all my deep down secrets Imao I [sic] and I know his."
- 70. Defendant Groff also asked Plaintiff Nunez if he would "be interested in a sugar daddy," even asking that they discuss terms "on the phone" to avoid proof of his unlawful conduct.

71. Even worse, Plaintiffs were not the first victims of Defendant Groff's sexual

harassment and retaliation.

72. Indeed, Defendant Groff has a history of criminal conduct, fraudulent behavior,

unlawful intimidation, sexual harassment and retaliation of which Benedetto Firm and Benedetto

are well-aware.

73. By way of example but not limitation, on December 14, 2015, Javier Carrasquillo

("Mr. Carrasquillo"), a former client of Defendants, filed suit against Benedetto Firm and

Benedetto relating to Defendants' disturbing and illegal conduct throughout their representation

of him ("Carrasquillo Complaint"). A copy of the Carrasquillo Complaint is attached hereto as

Exhibit 1.²

74. The Carrasquillo Complaint details, among other claims, Defendant Groff's

pattern of utilizing his position of authority as office manager and client point of contact for

Benedetto Firm to prey on vulnerable prospective clients and entice them to enter into sexual

relationships with him.

75. Therein, Mr. Carrasquillo alleges that Defendant Groff promised that Benedetto

Firm and Benedetto would assist with his legal issues if Mr. Carrasquillo and his girlfriend

acquiesced to Defendant Groff's sexual advances and entered into a sexual relationship with him.

76. Indeed, the facts of the Carrasquillo Complaint are analogous to those alleged by

Plaintiffs in this matter, down to the disturbing and pornographic images exchanged in text

messages between Defendant Groff and Mr. Carrasquillo attached to the Carrasquillo Complaint

as Exhibits B and C.

² See also

https://www.nj.com/camden/index.ssf/2016/01/law firm manager exploited men women for sex lawsu.html

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- 77. Specifically, it is alleged therein that Defendant Groff sent sexually explicit photographs and text messages with sexually-charged language with requests for sexual favors to Mr. Carrasquillo and his girlfriend.
- 78. As set forth in the messages in Exhibit B to the Carrasquillo Complaint, just as he did with Plaintiffs in this matter, Defendant Groff solicited Mr. Carrasquillo's representation for Benedetto Firm and Benedetto, when Mr. Carrasquillo was in an extremely vulnerable position.
- 79. Specifically, Defendant Groff contacted Mr. Carrasquillo on Facebook writing, "you need some legal help? I manage a law office maybe I can help."
- 80. Indeed, akin to his initial solicitation of Plaintiffs, Defendant Groff utilized his authority as office manager and client point of contact for Benedetto Firm to establish a relationship with Mr. Carrasquillo, retain him as a client for the firm, and exchange pornographic images with him.
- 81. The Carrasquillo Complaint also alleged that Defendant Groff has an extensive criminal background, specifically:

Mr. Groff is well known to be a convicted felon with at least 8 criminal convictions, including but not limited to thefy by illegal retention (6 counts) (Oct. 1992), followed by probation violation and termination in 1997; one conviction for issuing/passing a bad check over \$200 (Sept. 1995); two additional convictions for issuing/passing bad check (Oct. 1995), followed by probation violation and termination in 1997; a CDS related offense (Oct. 1995), followed by probation violation and termination in 1997; thefy by deception in Pennsylvania (Aug. 1996); and; theft by deception in New Jersey (2 counts) (Nov. 1997). Mr. Groff's criminal history also includes 5 disorderly persons offenses: intimidation (1993); theft by deception (1994); theft of services (1994); bad check (no account) (1995); and; harassment (1998)...

Supporting documentation concerning Mr. Carrasquillo's allegations concerning Defendant Groff's criminal background is affixed to the Carrasquillo Complaint as Exhibit A.

- 82. Despite this information, Benedetto Firm and Benedetto hired, retained, entrusted and authorized Defendant Groff to function as their office manager and main point of contact for clients.
- 83. Unsurprisingly given his alleged criminal background, Defendant Groff engaged in unlawful and unethical practices while acting as the employed agent of Benedetto Firm and Benedetto and to the benefit of Benedetto Firm and Benedetto.
- 84. Rather than protecting its clients and prospective clients from damage that foreseeably would be caused by Defendant Groff by terminating and/or disciplining him in any way, Benedetto Firm and Benedetto allowed Defendant Groff to continue his employment with Benedetto Firm.
- 85. Even worse, despite knowing all of the claims set forth in the Carrasquillo Complaint, Benedetto Firm and Benedetto empowered and authorized Defendant Groff to continue soliciting, communicating directly with (and even attending overnight trips with) clients and prospective clients in 2016 and 2017.
- 86. In essence, to serve their own economic self-interest, Benedetto Firm and Benedetto authorized Defendant Groff to continue recruiting mass shooting victims as clients.
- 87. In addition to all the above acts of abuse of power by Defendant Groff, upon information and belief, he also threatened to negatively affect the case of another Pulse Shooting client, Orlando Torrez, to prevent him from reporting Defendant Groff's aforementioned sexual harassment of Plaintiffs to the media.
- 88. This lawsuit is meant to address the wrongs committed by Defendant Groff against Plaintiffs and to mandate Defendant Groff's accountability once and for all. This lawsuit

carries the hope that it will inspire and give strength to those victims who could not, or do not, speak of their own experiences, to account for the dreams that were crushed long ago never to return, due to the retribution against those who spoke up. Too often those with little or no voice or power have their dreams held hostage by the people who abuse their position to manipulate, rape and assault those they deem weak, helpless and without a real voice. They are told to stay silent, or do exactly as told, or their career will suffer or never even get started. Apologies are insufficient in these circumstances because the harm that is done cannot simply be cured with an apology by those who apologize simply because they have been caught. Those who abuse their power such as Defendant Groff, and those who enable such individuals like Benedetto Firm and Benedetto, must be held accountable. The time is now, and Plaintiffs bring this action to do their part.

COUNT ONE

NJLAD: SEXUAL HARASSMENT AND DISCRIMINATION DUE TO GENDER (AS TO DEFENDANTS)

- 89. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference herein each and every allegation contained herein above as though fully set forth and brought in this cause of action.
- 90. Plaintiffs were subjected to severe and pervasive instances of sexual harassment on account of their gender.
 - 91. The conduct would not have occurred but for Plaintiffs' gender.
- 92. Plaintiffs' gender was the motivating factor in the decision to discriminate against Plaintiffs.
- 93. At all times relevant hereto, Defendant Benedetto is an "employer" and as the "owner of a place of public accommodation" as defined under the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination ("NJLAD"), *N.J.S.A.* 10:5-1, *et seq.*

- 94. As the employers and or supervisors of Defendant Groff, Defendant Benedetto is vicariously, strictly, and/or directly liable to Plaintiff pursuant to NJLAD, *N.J.S.A.* 10:5-1, *et seq.*, in that the affirmative acts of discrimination and harassment committed by Defendant Groff and agents and/or representatives of Defendant Benedetto occurred within the scope of employment; and/or Defendant Benedetto was deliberately indifferent, reckless, negligent and/or tacitly approved Defendant Groff's conduct; and/or Defendant Benedetto failed to create and/or have in place well-publicized and enforced anti-harassment policies, effective formal and informal complaint structures, training, and/or monitoring mechanisms for same despite the foreseeability of sexual harassment; and/or by having actual knowledge of the harassment to Plaintiffs and failing to promptly and effectively act to stop it.
- 95. Plaintiffs and Defendants had a professional relationship wherein Defendant Groff engaged in sexual misconduct of a hostile nature during the professional relationship that was of a hostile nature and based on Plaintiffs' gender. Defendant Groff's conduct was unwelcomed by Plaintiffs, evidenced by both rejecting Defendant Groff, and severe. Plaintiffs were unable to easily terminate the relationship with Defendant Groff because of Defendant Groff's employment at Defendant Benedetto, Plaintiffs' legal representation. Plaintiffs suffered and will continue to suffer emotional distress from Defendant Groff's continued sexual harassment.
- 96. Here, there are sufficient allegations that Defendant Benedetto ratified Defendant Groff's sexual misconduct. Defendant Benedetto had actual knowledge in 2016 of Defendant Groff's dangerous sexual propensities and his previous sexual misconduct with clients. Despite having actual knowledge, Defendant Benedetto continued to employ Defendant Groff, did not supervise him, and allowed him ongoing unfettered access to potential and current clients, providing Defendant Groff the opportunity and authority to sexually harass Plaintiffs. These acts by Defendant Benedetto constitute ratification and makes them liable for Defendant Groff's sexual harassment of Plaintiffs.

97. As a proximate result of the aforementioned acts and omissions set forth herein, Plaintiffs have sustained damages and will, in the future so suffer.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs demand judgment in their favor and against Defendants on this Count, together with compensatory and equitable relief, all remedies available under the law, punitive damages, pre-and post-judgment interest, and attorney's fees and costs of suit. More specifically, Plaintiffs demand judgment against Defendants for harm suffered in violation of the NJLAD as follows:

- A. Reinstatement of employment and all benefits;
- B. Back pay and benefits;
- C. Front pay and benefits;
- D. Compensatory damages;
- E. Consequential damages;
- F. Reinstatement;
- G. Punitive damages;
- H. Prejudgment interest and enhancements to off-set negative tax consequences;
- I. Any and all attorneys' fees, expenses and/or costs, including, but not limited to, court costs, expert fees and all attorneys' fees incurred by Plaintiffs in the prosecution of this suit (including enhancements thereof required to off-set negative tax consequences and/or enhancements otherwise permitted under law);
- J. Such other relief as may be available pursuant to the LAD and which the Court deems just and equitable;
- K. Ordering Defendants to take appropriate corrective action to stop and prevent retaliation at the workplace;
- L. Ordering Defendants to take appropriate corrective action to stop and prevent harassment at the workplace;
- M. Ordering Defendants to undergo anti-discrimination training;
- N. Ordering Defendants to undergo anti-retaliation training;
- O. Ordering Defendants to undergo anti-harassment training;
- P. Ordering Defendants to undergo workplace civility training;
- Q. Ordering Defendants to undergo bystander intervention training;
- R. Ordering Defendants to engage a research organization to assess the effectiveness of their anti-discrimination training;
- S. Ordering Defendants to engage a research organization to assess the effectiveness of their anti-retaliation training;
- T. Ordering Defendants to engage a research organization to assess the effectiveness of their anti-harassment training;
- U. Ordering Defendants to engage a research organization to assess the effectiveness of their workplace civility training;
- V. Ordering Defendants to engage a research organization to assess the effectiveness of their bystander intervention training;
- W. Ordering Defendants to identify an appropriate professional to investigate any future complaints of discrimination;

- X. Ordering Defendants to identify an appropriate professional to investigate any future complaints of harassment;
- Y. Ordering Defendants to identify an appropriate professional to investigate any future complaints of retaliation; and
- Z. Such other relief as may be available and which the Court deems just and equitable.

COUNT TWO

NJLAD: RETALIATION/IMPROPER REPRISAL (AS TO DEFENDANTS)

- 98. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference herein each and every allegation contained herein above as though fully set forth and brought in this cause of action.
 - 99. Defendants took retaliatory action against Plaintiffs as set forth at length herein.
- 100. Defendants are vicariously, strictly, and/or directly liable to Plaintiffs for unlawful retaliatory conduct in violation of the LAD pursuant to *N.J.S.A.* 10:5-12(d).
- 101. As a proximate result of the aforementioned acts and omissions set forth herein, Plaintiffs have sustained damages.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs demand judgment in their favor and against Defendants on this Count, together with compensatory and equitable relief, all remedies available under the law, punitive damages, pre-and post-judgment interest, and attorney's fees and costs of suit. More specifically, Plaintiffs demand judgment against Defendants for harm suffered in violation of the NJLAD as follows:

- A. Reinstatement of employment and all benefits;
- B. Back pay and benefits;
- C. Front pay and benefits;
- D. Compensatory damages;
- E. Consequential damages;
- F. Reinstatement;
- G. Punitive damages:
- H. Prejudgment interest and enhancements to off-set negative tax consequences;
- I. Any and all attorneys' fees, expenses and/or costs, including, but not limited to, court costs, expert fees and all attorneys' fees incurred by Plaintiffs in the prosecution of this suit (including enhancements thereof required to off-set negative tax consequences and/or enhancements otherwise permitted under law);
- J. Such other relief as may be available pursuant to the LAD and which the Court deems just and equitable;

- K. Ordering Defendants to take appropriate corrective action to stop and prevent retaliation at the workplace;
- L. Ordering Defendants to take appropriate corrective action to stop and prevent harassment at the workplace;
- M. Ordering Defendants to undergo anti-discrimination training;
- N. Ordering Defendants to undergo anti-retaliation training;
- O. Ordering Defendants to undergo anti-harassment training;
- P. Ordering Defendants to undergo workplace civility training;
- Q. Ordering Defendants to undergo bystander intervention training;
- R. Ordering Defendants to engage a research organization to assess the effectiveness of their anti-discrimination training;
- S. Ordering Defendants to engage a research organization to assess the effectiveness of their anti-retaliation training;
- T. Ordering Defendants to engage a research organization to assess the effectiveness of their anti-harassment training;
- U. Ordering Defendants to engage a research organization to assess the effectiveness of their workplace civility training;
- V. Ordering Defendants to engage a research organization to assess the effectiveness of their bystander intervention training;
- W. Ordering Defendants to identify an appropriate professional to investigate any future complaints of discrimination;
- X. Ordering Defendants to identify an appropriate professional to investigate any future complaints of harassment;
- Y. Ordering Defendants to identify an appropriate professional to investigate any future complaints of retaliation; and
- Z. Such other relief as may be available and which the Court deems just and equitable.

COUNT THREE

VIOLATION OF THE NEW JERSEY CONSUMER FRAUD ACT (AS TO ALL DEFENDANTS)

- 102. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference herein each and every allegation contained herein above as though fully set forth and brought in this cause of action.
- 103. The conduct described above constitutes violation of the New Jersey Consumer Fraud Act, "NJCFA") *N.J.S.A.* § 56:8-1 *et seq.*
- 104. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' conduct, Plaintiffs have suffered damages and ascertainable loss for which Defendants' are liable to Plaintiffs, plus attorneys' fees and costs, along with equitable relief prayed for herein in this Complaint.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs demand judgment in their favor and against Defendants, together with compensatory and equitable relief, all remedies available under the law, punitive damages,

pre- and post-judgment interest, attorneys' fees and costs of suit, and for such relief that the Court deems equitable and just.

COUNT FOUR

NEGLIGENT HIRING (AS TO DEFENDANT BENEDETTO FIRM AND DEFENDANT BENEDETTO)

- 105. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference herein each and every allegation contained herein above as though fully set forth and brought in this cause of action.
- 106. Defendant Benedetto Firm's and Defendant Benedetto's negligence, gross negligence, reckless conduct and hiring of Defendant Groff as an employee directly and proximately caused Plaintiffs to be subjected to violations of the NJLAD, including but not limited to discrimination, sexual harassment and retaliation.
- 107. As a proximate result of the aforementioned negligent hiring by Defendants Benedetto Firm and Benedetto, and acts and omissions set forth herein, Plaintiffs have sustained damages and will, in the future, so suffer.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs demand judgment in their favor and against Defendants Benedetto Firm and Benedetto, together with compensatory and equitable relief, all remedies available under the law, punitive damages, pre- and post-judgment interest, attorney's fees and costs of suit, and for such other relief that the Court deems equitable and just.

COUNT FIVE

<u>NEGLIGENT RETENTION</u> (AS TO DEFENDANT BENEDETTO FIRM AND DEFENDANT BENEDETTO)

- 108. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference herein each and every allegation contained herein above as though fully set forth and brought in this cause of action.
- 109. Defendant Benedetto Firm's and Defendant Benedetto's negligence, gross negligence, reckless conduct and retention of Defendant Groff as an employee directly and proximately caused Plaintiffs to be subjected to violations of the NJLAD, including but not limited to discrimination, sexual harassment and retaliation.

110. As a proximate result of the aforementioned negligent retention by Defendants Benedetto Firm and Benedetto, and acts and omissions set forth herein, Plaintiffs have sustained damages and will, in the future, so suffer.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs demand judgment in their favor and against Defendants Benedetto Firm and Benedetto, together with compensatory and equitable relief, all remedies available under the law, punitive damages, pre- and post-judgment interest, attorney's fees and costs of suit, and for such other relief that the Court deems equitable and just.

COUNT SIX

<u>NEGLIGENT TRAINING</u> (AS TO DEFENDANT BENEDETTO FIRM AND DEFENDANT BENEDETTO)

- 111. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference herein each and every allegation contained herein above as though fully set forth and brought in this cause of action.
- 112. Defendant Benedetto Firm's and Defendant Benedetto's negligence, gross negligence, reckless conduct and training of Defendant Groff as an employee directly and proximately caused Plaintiffs to be subjected to violations of the NJLAD, including but not limited to discrimination, sexual harassment and retaliation.
- 113. As a proximate result of the aforementioned negligent training by Defendants Benedetto Firm and Benedetto, and acts and omissions set forth herein, Plaintiffs have sustained damages and will, in the future, so suffer.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs demand judgment in their favor and against Defendants Benedetto Firm and Benedetto, together with compensatory and equitable relief, all remedies available under the law, punitive damages, pre- and post-judgment interest, attorney's fees and costs of suit, and for such other relief that the Court deems equitable and just.

COUNT SEVEN

NEGLIGENT SUPERVISION (AS TO DEFENDANT BENEDETTO FIRM AND DEFENDANT BENEDETTO)

- 114. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference herein each and every allegation contained herein above as though fully set forth and brought in this cause of action.
- 115. Defendant Benedetto Firm's and Defendant Benedetto's negligence, gross negligence, reckless conduct and supervision of Defendant Groff as an employee directly and proximately caused Plaintiffs to be subjected to violations of the NJLAD, including but not limited to discrimination, sexual harassment and retaliation.
- 116. As a proximate result of the aforementioned negligent supervision by Defendants Benedetto Firm and Benedetto, and acts and omissions set forth herein, Plaintiffs have sustained damages and will, in the future, so suffer.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs demand judgment in their favor and against Defendants Benedetto Firm and Benedetto, together with compensatory and equitable relief, all remedies available under the law, punitive damages, pre- and post-judgment interest, attorney's fees and costs of suit, and for such other relief that the Court deems equitable and just.

COUNT EIGHT

NEGLIGENCE (AS TO DEFENDANT BENEDETTO FIRM AND DEFENDANT BENEDETTO)

- 117. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference herein each and every allegation contained herein above as though fully set forth and brought in this cause of action.
- 118. At all relevant times, Defendants Benedetto Firm and Benedetto owed a duty to use reasonable care in authorizing Defendant Groff to act as their agent.
- 119. This included a duty to control Defendant Groff in his interactions with clients during meetings and other work functions that were taking place within the course and scope of his employment in order to prevent foreseeable harm.
- 120. Prior to the sexual misconduct with Plaintiffs, Defendants knew or had reason to believe Defendant Groff was likely to engage in sexual misconduct with clients he came into contact with during the course and scope of his employment. Prior to the incident involving Plaintiffs, Defendants possessed knowledge of Defendant Groff's propensity to engage in sexual

misconduct; specifically, the 2016 lawsuit filed against Defendants based on Defendant Groff's sexual misconduct with clients. Knowledge of Defendant Groff's propensity to engage in sexual misconduct was possessed by Defendant's owners, officers, and employees. At all relevant times, Defendants maintained a supervisory position over Defendant Groff.

- 121. By possessing knowledge of Defendant Groff's prior sexual misconduct, Defendants knew or should have known that Defendant Groff was unfit and that this unfitness created a particular risk to others.
- 122. Defendants did not act in a reasonable manner by failing to investigate and terminate Defendant Groff and instead continued to allow him to meet with clients with the knowledge that there was a substantial likelihood for sexual misconduct.
- 123. Defendant Groff's conduct with Plaintiffs occurred within the course and scope of his employment. The contact between Plaintiffs and Defendant Groff was generated by the employment relationship between Defendants and Defendant Groff.
- 124. Defendant Benedetto Firm's and Defendant Benedetto's negligence in authorizing Defendant Groff to act as their agent was a substantial factor in causing Plaintiffs' harm.
- 125. It was foreseeable that Defendant Groff would engage in sexual misconduct if Defendant continued to allow Defendant Groff to have business meetings and other work related interactions with clients, including, but not excluded to direct communication with clients. At all relevant times, Defendants knew Defendant Groff was using his power and position to engage in sexual misconduct with clients and knew that this sexual misconduct would cause harm.
- Defendants failed to institute corrective measures clients coming into contact with Defendant Groff, including plaintiffs, from sexual misconduct despite Defendants possessing actual notice of Defendant Groff's sexually inappropriate behavior. Such acts and omissions demonstrate a conscious disregard for the safety of others. Defendants were aware of the probable dangerous consequences of failing to remove or adequately supervise Defendant Groff. In failing to do so, Defendants acted with actual malice and with conscious disregard for Plaintiffs' safety.

127. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligence, Plaintiffs were victims of Defendant Groff's unlawful sexual misconduct. Defendants' unlawful behavior has caused Plaintiffs to suffer continuing damages, including but not limited to psychological and emotional issues.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs demand judgment in their favor and against Defendants on this Count, together with compensatory and equitable relief, all remedies available under the law, punitive damages, pre- and post-judgment interest, attorneys' fees and costs of suit, and for such other relief that the Court deems equitable and just.

COUNT NINE

GROSS NEGLIGENCE (AS TO DEFENDANT BENEDETTO FIRM AND DEFENDANT BENEDETTO)

- 128. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference herein each and every allegation contained herein above as though fully set forth and brought in this cause of action
- 129. As stated above, Defendants acted negligently towards Plaintiffs. They had a duty of care that they breached which was the actual and proximate cause of Plaintiffs' injuries.
- 130. Defendants' negligent conduct rises to the level of gross negligence based on Defendants' extreme conduct.
- 131. Defendants had actual knowledge that Defendant Groff engaged in sexual misconduct with previous clients by forcing them to enter a sexual relationship with him in return for Defendants' legal representation of them. There is no doubt that Defendants had actual knowledge of this unlawful conduct as they were named defendants in a 2016 lawsuit detailing Defendant Groff's sexual misconduct.
- 132. Despite having actual knowledge of Defendant Groff's sexual misconduct with clients, Defendants continued to employ Defendant Groff as case manager, which allowed him unfettered access to potential and current clients that were in a vulnerable state as they faced legal trouble. Moreover, Plaintiffs were in an extremely emotional state given their battle with trauma post Pulse shooting.

- 133. Defendants' act of allowing Defendant Groff continued access to potential and current clients, gave Defendant Groff free reign to engage in a multitier abuse of power that victimized Plaintiffs, and likely other clients.
- 134. Defendant Groff abused the power provided to him as Defendants' case manager to 1) commit fraud and manipulation against Plaintiffs to retain them as clients on behalf of the firm, 2) Defendant Groff took advantage of the socioeconomic difference between himself and Plaintiffs, young Hispanic lower/middle class gay men, to make them false promises of improving their lives, 3) Defendant Groff then used his position to sexually harass Plaintiffs, and 4) retaliate against Plaintiffs when they rejected his sexual advances.
- 135. Defendant Groff's multitier unlawful behavior and abuse was facilitated and encouraged by Defendants' willful and extreme misconduct in continuing to employ him, not properly supervising him, and allowing him full and unfettered access to potential and current clients.
- 136. The conduct of Defendants was willful, malicious, conscious, extreme, and outrageous and warrants the imposition of punitive damages against them.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs demand judgment in their favor and against Defendants on this Count, together with compensatory and equitable relief, all remedies available under the law, punitive damages, pre- and post-judgment interest, attorneys' fees and costs of suit, and for such other relief that the Court deems equitable and just.

DEMAND FOR DISCOVERY OF INSURANCE COVERAGE

Pursuant to *Rule* 4:10-2(b), demand is made that Defendants disclose to Plaintiffs' attorneys whether or not there are any insurance agreement or policies under which any person or firm carrying on an insurance business may be liable to satisfy part or all of the judgment which may be entered in this action or indemnify or reimburse for payments made to satisfy the judgment and provide Plaintiffs' attorneys with true copies of those insurance agreements or policies, including, but not limited to, and all declaration sheets. This demand shall include not only primary insurance coverage, but also any excess, catastrophe, and umbrella policies.

DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY

Plaintiffs demand a trial by jury on all issues.

McOMBER & McOMBER, P.C.

Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Javier Nava & Brian Nunez

By: /s/ Matthew A. Luber

Matthew A. Luber, Esq.

The Claypool Law Firm *Attorneys for Plaintiffs*,

Javier Nava & Brian Nunez

By: /s/ Brian E. Claypool

Brian E. Claypool, Esq. *Pro Hac Vice* Pending

Dated: September 14, 2018

Dated: September 14, 2018

DESIGNATION OF TRIAL COUNSEL

Pursuant to *Rule* 4:25-4, MATTHEW A. LUBER, ESQUIRE and BRIAN E. CLAYPOOL, ESQUIRE (*pro hac vice* pending), are hereby designated as trial counsel for Plaintiffs.

CERTIFICATION

Pursuant to *Rule* 4:5-1, it is hereby certified that, to the best of my knowledge, there are no other civil actions or arbitration proceedings involving this matter and/or with respect to this matter and no other parties need to be joined at this time.

I certify that the foregoing statements made by me are true. I am aware that is any of the foregoing statements made by me are willingly false, I am subject to punishment.

McOMBER & McOMBER, P.C. Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Javier Nava & Brian Nunez

By: /s/ Matthew A. Luber

Matthew A. Luber, Esq.

Dated: September 14, 2018

The Claypool Law Firm Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Javier Nava & Brian Nunez

By: <u>/s/ Brian E. Claypool</u>
Brian E. Claypool, Esq. *Pro Hac Vice* Pending

Dated: September 14, 2018

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Appendix XII-B1

TELEPHONE NUMBER



ATTORNEY/PRO SE NAME

CIVIL CASE INFORMATION STATEMENT (CIS)

Use for initial Law Division Civil Part pleadings (not motions) under Rule 4:5-1 Pleading will be rejected for filing, under Rule 1:5-6(c), if information above the black bar is not completed or attorney's signature is not affixed

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CIVIL CASE INFORMATION STATEMENT

(CIS)
Use for initial pleadings (not motions) under *Rule* 4:5-1

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| CASE TYPES (Choose one and enter number of case type in appropriate space on the reverse side.) |
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| Track II - 300 days' discovery 305 CONSTRUCTION 509 EMPLOYMENT (other than CEPA or LAD) 599 CONTRACT/COMMERCIAL TRANSACTION 603N AUTO NEGLIGENCE – PERSONAL INJURY (non-verbal threshold) 603Y AUTO NEGLIGENCE – PERSONAL INJURY (verbal threshold) 605 PERSONAL INJURY 610 AUTO NEGLIGENCE – PROPERTY DAMAGE 621 UM or UIM CLAIM (includes bodily injury) 699 TORT – OTHER |
| Track III - 450 days' discovery 005 CIVIL RIGHTS 301 CONDEMNATION 602 ASSAULT AND BATTERY 604 MEDICAL MALPRACTICE 606 PRODUCT LIABILITY 607 PROFESSIONAL MALPRACTICE 608 TOXIC TORT 609 DEFAMATION 616 WHISTLEBLOWER / CONSCIENTIOUS EMPLOYEE PROTECTION ACT (CEPA) CASES 617 INVERSE CONDEMNATION 618 LAW AGAINST DISCRIMINATION (LAD) CASES |
| Track IV - Active Case Management by Individual Judge / 450 days' discovery 156 ENVIRONMENTAL/ENVIRONMENTAL COVERAGE LITIGATION 303 MT. LAUREL 508 COMPLEX COMMERCIAL 513 COMPLEX CONSTRUCTION 514 INSURANCE FRAUD 620 FALSE CLAIMS ACT 701 ACTIONS IN LIEU OF PREROGATIVE WRITS |
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| If you believe this case requires a track other than that provided above, please indicate the reason on Side 1, in the space under "Case Characteristics. Please check off each applicable category. Putative Class Action. Title 59 |

MATTHEW S. WOLF, ESQUIRE, LLC Matthew S. Wolf, Esq. (052621993) Marisa J. Hermanovich, Esq. (071372013) Unit B, 2nd Floor • 1236 Brace Road Cherry Hill, New Jersey 08035 T: (856) 872-2929 • F: (856) 872-2928 Attorneys for Plaintiff, Javier Carrasquillo

DEC 14 2015

JAVIER CARRASQUILLO,

Plaintiff,

VS.

CONRAD J. BENEDETTO, ESQUIRE, and THE LAW OFFICES OF CONRAD J. BENEDETTO ρ_-

Defendants.

SUPERIOR COURT OF NEW JERSEY LAW DIVISION CAMDEN COUNTY

Civil Action

Docket No.:

L-4687-15

COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff, Javier Carrasquillo, by way of Complaint through undersigned counsel, hereby alleges and avers against Defendants, Conrad J. Benedetto, Esquire and The Law Offices of Conrad J. Benedetto, as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff Javier Carrasquillo is currently incarcerated at the Camden County Jail in Camden, New Jersey.
- 2. Defendant Conrad J. Benedetto, Esquire, is an attorney at law admitted to practice in the State of New Jersey.
- 3. Defendant The Law Offices of Conrad J. Benedetto is a law firm that is owned/operated by Defendant Benedetto.

FACTS

- 4. Conrad J. Benedetto, Esquire, is responsible for the management of his law firm, the named co-defendant herein.
- 5. Mr. Benedetto hired John Groff to manage his law firm.
- 6. Mr. Groff is well known to be a convicted felon with at least 8 criminal convictions, including but not limited to theft by illegal retention (6 counts) (Oct. 1992), followed by probation violation and termination in 1997; one conviction for issuing/passing a bad check over \$200 (Sept. 1995); two additional convictions for issuing/passing bad check

(Oct. 1995), followed by probation violation and termination in 1997; a CDS related offense (Oct. 1995), followed by probation violation and termination in 1997; theft by deception in Pennsylvania (Aug. 1996), and; theft by deception in New Jersey (2 counts) (Nov. 1997). Mr. Groff's criminal history also includes 5 disorderly persons offenses: intimidation (1993); theft by deception (1994); theft of services (1994); bad check (no account) (1995), and; harassment (1998). See criminal information related to Mr. Groff, attached as **Exhibit A**.

- 7. In 2004, in Mr. Groff pled guilty to attempted theft by deception in a well publicized case in which he was charged with insurance fraud.
- 8. Per Exhibit A, Mr. Groff also engaged in a illegal racket related to false automobile claims.
- 9. Despite eight criminal convictions, including an insurance fraud charge that resulted in a conviction for theft by deception, Mr. Benedetto hired Mr. Groff to manage his law office.
- 10. Mr. Groff has used the law office to solicit and exchange sexual relations with at least one man (Plaintiff) for legal services from The Law Offices of Conrad J. Benedetto.
- 11. Mr. Groff also exchanged sexual relations with at least one woman (Plaintiff's girlfriend) in exchange for legal services from The Law Offices of Conrad J. Benedetto.
- Upon information and belief, Mr. Groff has repeatedly used the Law Offices of Conrad J.
 Benedetto to exchange legal services for sex with both men and women.
- 13. Mr. Groff solicited Plaintiff as a client of the firm, through Facebook, as the attached records of the messages between them show. See messages, attached as **Exhibit B**.
- 14. Mr. Groff personally represented to Plaintiff that he would keep him out of jail, and made other guarantees regarding the outcome of Plaintiff's criminal case, which is prohibited conduct with regard to criminal matters.
- 15. Mr. Groff discouraged Plaintiff from turning himself in when he had the opportunity, which further aggravated Plaintiff's legal situation, by extending the time that Plaintiff would be a fugitive.
- 16. Mr. Groff did this so that he could exploit and solicit sex from the Plaintiff on multiple occasions.

- 17. During the course of Defendants' representation of the Plaintiff, while the firm was representing Plaintiff, Mr. Groff exchanged "penis pictures" with Plaintiff. See pictures, attached as **Exhibit C**.
- 18. During the Defendants' representation of the Plaintiff, his girlfriend became pregnant.

 Upon learning of the pregnancy, the zeal with which Defendants represented Plaintiff was reduced substantially.
- 19. As a result of having specific promises made to him regarding the results of his criminal case, and as a result of realizing that he was duped into having sex in exchange for results that were not delivered, and for other reasons related to Mr. Groff's bizarre law firm management, Plaintiff has suffered severe emotional distress.

COUNT I

- 20. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the preceding paragraphs as though they were more fully set forth herein.
- 21. There existed and exists between Defendants and Plaintiff an attorney-client relationship creating a duty of care.
- 22. Defendants breached that duty of care by negligently hiring John Groff to manage the firm while they knew or should have known that he is an eight-time convicted criminal, he is unethical and untrustworthy, and is a completely inappropriate person to entrust with management of a law firm.
- 23. As a direct and proximate result of this negligence, promises made to Plaintiff as to the manner in which his criminal matters would be disposed were breached, and he has had less then zealous representation resulting in worse results than if Mr. Groff had not been involved.
- 24. Also as a result of this negligence, promises made by Mr. Groff on behalf of the firm were not fulfilled, Plaintiff's incarceration is greater than that which was promised, and Plaintiff has suffered extreme emotional distress.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants for compensatory damages and attorneys' fees pursuant to <u>Saffer v. Willoughby</u>, 670 A.2d 527 (N.J. 1996), interest, costs, and such further relief as the Court may find just and equitable.

COUNT II

- 25. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the preceding paragraphs as though they were more fully set forth herein.
- 26. There existed and exists between Defendants and Plaintiff an attorney-client relationship creating a duty of care.
- 27. Defendants breached that duty of care by negligently retaining John Groff when they knew, or should have known, that he was an eight time convicted criminal, he is unethical, he is untrustworthy, and is a completely inappropriate person to entrust with management of a law firm.
- 28. As a direct and proximate result of this negligence, Plaintiff has had promises of the manner in which his criminal matters would be disposed of breached and he has had less then zealous representation resulting in worse results than if Mr. Groff had not been involved.
- 29. Also as a result of this negligence, promises made by Mr. Groff on behalf of the firm were not fulfilled, Plaintiff's incarceration is greater than that which he was promised, and Plaintiff has suffered extreme emotional distress.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants for compensatory damages and attorneys' fees pursuant to <u>Saffer v. Willoughby</u>, 670 A.2d 527 (N.J. 1996), interest, costs and such further relief as the Court may find just and equitable.

COUNT III

- 30. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the preceding paragraphs as though they were more fully set forth herein.
- 31. There existed and exists between Defendants and Plaintiff an attorney-client relationship creating a duty of care.

- 32. Defendants breached that duty of care by negligently supervising John Groff when they knew, or should have known, that he was an eight-time convicted criminal, he is unethical, he is untrustworthy, and is a completely inappropriate person to entrust with management of a law firm.
- 33. Further, Defendants should have known the manner in which the client was a member of the firm, the manner in which he was compensating the firm (here, with sex), and the manner in which Mr. Groff was involved in the matters before the Court, which appears to have been substantial and beyond that which is permitted by a layman.
- 34. As a direct and proximate result of this negligence, Plaintiff has had promises of the manner in which his criminal matters would be disposed of breached and he has had less than zealous representation, resulting in worse results than if Mr. Groff had not been involved.
- 35. As a result of this negligence, promises made by Groff on behalf of the firm were not fulfilled, Plaintiff's incarceration was greater than that which was promised, and Plaintiff has suffered extreme emotional distress.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants for compensatory damages and attorneys' fees pursuant to <u>Saffer v. Willoughby</u>, 670 A.2d 527 (N.J. 1996), interest, costs and such further relief as the Court may find just and equitable.

DESIGNATION OF TRIAL COUNSEL

Matthew S. Wolf is designated as trial counsel in this action.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 4:5-1

I hereby certify that the within matter in controversy is not the subject of a claim filed by the Plaintiff, and there is no other party who should be joined in this action at this time. Plaintiff reserves the right to bring into this action parties whose liability may be derived from discovery in this matter. Plaintiff does have criminal matters pending in the Superior Court.

JURY TRIAL DEMAND

Plaintiff hereby demands trial by jury as to all such issues so triable.

Respectfully submitted, MATTHEW S. WOLF, ÆSQUIRE, LLC

Marisa J. Hermanovich Attorneys for Plaintiff

Dated: December 14, 2015

Matthew S. Wolf, Esquire

Admitted in NJ & PA

Unit B, 2nd Floor 1236 Brace Road Cherry Hill, NJ 08034

Matthew S. Wolf, Esquire, LLC

Tel: (856) 872-2929 Fax: (856) 872-2928

Marisa J. Hermanovich, Esquire Admitted in NJ, PA & FL <u>mwolf@matthewswolf.com</u> <u>marisa@matthewswolf.com</u>

December 14, 2015

Clerk of the Superior Court Camden County, Civil Division 101 South 5th Street Rm 150 Camden NJ 08103-4000

RE:

 ${\it Javier Carrasquillo \ v.\ Conrad\ J.\ Benedetto,\ Esquire,\ \&}$

the Law Offices of Conrad J. Benedetto

Docket No.: CAM-L-

200 DEC 14 PH 3: 50

Dear Clerk:

This firm represents the Plaintiff in the above-captioned matter. Enclosed please find an original and one (1) copy of the following documents for filing:

- 1. Civil Case Information Statement; and
- 2. Complaint.

Please charge our Attorney Collateral Account No. 142322 for the \$250 filing fee. Please assign a docket number and return a "filed" stamped copy in the enclosed self-addressed stamped envelope. Thank you for your attention to this matter. Should you have any questions, feel free to contact my office.

Sincerely,

Sharon E. Roman, Paralegal

Office Manager

sharon@matthewswolf.com

Encl.

cc: Client

EXHIBIT

| CRIMNAL | RECORDS |
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| | | New Jersey v. | ASSESSA NO | .aw Divisic | Superior Court on – Criminal ime County | |
| Defendent (Specify Complete Ne | JOHN GROFF, J JOHN GRAFF, J | | | OF CONVICT | 1 | |
| DATE OF BIRTH | 08/27/71 | SOI NUMBER 811749B | · · | ORDER FOR COMMITMENT INDICTMENT / ACCUSATION DISMISSED | | |
| DATE OF ARREST | 07/27/01 | OATE INDICTMENT/ ACCUSATION FILED 07/27/01 | ☐ JUDGMENT | JUDGMENT OF ACQUITTAL | | |
| DATE OF ORIGINAL PLEA | 09/25/02 RENEGOTIATED PLEA - 11/03/04 | Original plea Not Guilty Guilty | | X - AMENDED/VACATING SENTENCE OF SEPTEMBER 19, 2003. | | |
| ADJUDICATION | | | | | | |
| | S GUILTY PLEA DAT | 09/25/02 TE: RENEGOTIATED IN NONJURY PLEA - 11/03/04 | TRIAL DATE: | | | |
| | JURY TRIAL DAT | E: DISMISSED | /ACQUITTED DATE: | | | |
| ORIGINAL CHA | | - Section of the sect | | | | |
| IND/ACC NO. | COUNT DESCRIP | TON PIRACY | DEGRE | e stati 20:3 | | |
| \$-43-07-01 | | MPTED THEFT BY DECEPTION | 2 2 | 20: | | |
| FINAL CHARG | ES | | - | | | |
| COUNT | DESCRIPTION | | DEGRE | | | |
| 2 | (AMENDED) AT | TEMPTED THEFT BY DECEPTION | 3 | 203 | 5-1 | |
| | | d ADJUDGED that the defendant is sentenced E AND STATEMENT OF REASONS I | | | | |
| ☐ The defe complete ☐ The cour | endant is hereby ordered as the sentence of incarc rt finds that the defendan | ed to community supervision for life. to serve a year term of parole superation. t's conduct was characterized by a patten t is amenable to sex offender freatment. | | | | |
| ☐ The cour | rt finds that the defendan | t is willing to participate in sex offender tre to provide a DNA sample and ordered to | | o of the san | nnia provided | |
| | - | | | 2 A CIA 2011 | ibio broatdod) | |
| ∠ Defendant is to receive credit for time spent in custody (R, 3:21-8). ∠ | | TOTAL NUMBER OF DAYS | DATE: (From/To) 07/27/01 TO 07/28/01 | | | |
| | | or time spent in custody (Rt, 3:21-8). | 414 | DATE: (From/Yo) 09/19/03 TO 11/03/04 | | |
| Defendant is to receive gap time cradit for time spent in custody (N.J.S.A. 2C:44-5b(2)). | | TOTAL NUMBER OF DAYS | DATE: (From/Ta) | | | |
| | | . , | | DATE: (FronVTo | 0) | |
| . Total C | ustodial Tem | Institution | Total Prob | ation Term | FIVE (5) YEARS SUPERVISED WITH CONDITIONS. | |

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CRIMNAL RECORDS

| | | | • | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| State of New Jersey v. JOHN GROFF, JR. | 5.9.I.# 811749B | Ind / Aco# | S-43-07-01 | | |
| Total Fine \$ | | ed on or after July 9, 1987 | , and is for a violetion of Chapter | | |
| Total RESTITUTION \$ | 35 or 36 of Title 2C, | and Damend Dade | uellon (D E D D) negaby is | | |
| If the offense occurred on or after December 23, 1991, an assessment of \$50 is imposed on each count on which the defendant was convicted unless the box below indicates a higher assessment pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2C:43-3.1. (Assessment is \$30 if offense is on or after January 9, 1986 but before December 23, 1991, unless a higher penalty is noted. Assessment is \$25 if offense is before January 9, 1986.) | 1) A mandatory Drug Enforcement and Demend Reduction (D.E.D.R.) penalty imposed for each count. (Write in # times for each.) 1 st Degree @ \$3000 4 th Degree @ \$750 2 nd Degree @ \$2000 Disorderly Persons or Petty 3 nd Degree @ \$1000 Disorderly Persons @ \$500 Total D.E.D.R. Penalty \$ | | | | |
| Assessment imposed on | defendant's rain into a | residential drug program t | or the term of the program. | | |
| count(s) 1 | 2) A forensic laboratory fee | | DEREDOlienses @ \$50. | | |
| is \$ <u>50</u> each. | | , Total L | ab Foe S | | |
| | Name of Drugs Involved | | | | |
| Total VCCB Assessment \$50 | 4) A mandatory driver's lic | | | | |
| Installment payments are due at the rate of | * | egin today, and end | | | |
| \$ <u>20</u> per <u>MONTH</u> | Driver's Licensa Numbe | | SE, PLEASE ALSO COMPLETE THE | | |
| beginning <u>12/03/04</u> | FOLLOWING,). | E (O OOCLEST IME SISEM | No. 1 Can loss Lines A. Continue and Lines | | |
| (Date) | Defendant's Address | Sex Date | . M. Didk - Co (CT) | | |
| | | | er's license from the following | | |
| ļ | iurisdiction Driv | vers License Number | er a licelise frotti the research | | |
| | | | reby revoked for months. | | |
| If the offense occurred on or after February 1, 1993 but was before March 13, 1995 and the sentence is to probation or to a state correctional facility, a transaction fee of up to \$1,00 is ordered for each occasion when a payment or installment payment is made. (P.L. 1992, c. 169). If the offense occurred on or after March 13, 1995 and the sentence is to probation, or the sentence otherwise requires payments of financial obligations to the probation division, a transaction fee of up to \$2.00 is ordered for each occasion when a payment is made. (P.L. 1995, c. 9). | | | | | |
| If the offense occurred on or after Adgust 2, 1993; a \$75-\$afe Neighb (P.L. 1993, a.220) 1 COUNT - \$75 | orhood Services-Fund easessmen | (-ls-ordered for each conviction | n | | |
| if the offense occurred on or after January 5, 1994 and the sentence in (P.L. 1993, C. 275) Amount per month \$10. | is to probation, a fee of up to \$25 (| per month for the probationary | term is ordered. | | |
| If the crime occurred on or after Jenuary 9, 1897, a \$30 Law Enforcer | ment Officers Training and Equipm | ent Fund penalty is ordered. " | YES | | |
| If the crime occurred on or after May 4, 2001, and the defendant has 2C:13-1c(2), endanger the welfare of a child by engaging in sexual or of a child pursuant to 2C:24-4b(4), furing of enticing a child pursuant 2C:13-1, criminal restraint pursuant to 2C:13-2 or lated imprisonment prestrution pursuant to 2C:34-1b(3) or (4), or an attempt to commit at each of these offenses. | rdeb to Ysqmi bluow doldw Joubne Setson letter ledmbo. B. 2:3:3 of | uch the morals of a minor and coursesot to 2014 35 if the vi | er 20:24-4a, endangenng the wellere dier in a minor-kidaapping presuant to | | |
| | dephone Number | Name (Allomay for Defandant a) | = - | | |
| | 356)379-2359 | 56)379-2359 SAUL J. STEINBERG, ESQ. | | | |
| STATEMENT OF REASONS - Include all applicable aggr | avating and mitigating facto | rs | | | |
| SEE ATTACHED STATEMENT OF REASONS | <i>†</i> | _ 🙉 | | | |
| 1 | idge (Signalure) | 11/1/2 | Date | | |
| WILLIAW J. COOK, J.S.C. | UNITAU | X OUL | 11/03/04 | | |

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SENTENCE AND STATEMENT OF REASONS FOR SENTENCE John Groff, Jr. (I-01-07-43S)

On November 3, 2004, defendant entered into a renegotiated plea agreement with the Prosecutor. Under the terms of the agreement, in return for defendant's plea of guilty to Amended Count 2, I-01-07-43S, thirddegree attempted theft by deception in an amount in excess of \$500 and less than \$75,000, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2C:45-1, defendant is to be sentenced to five (5) years supervised probation, with the conditions to include continued cooperation by defendant with law enforcement authorities regarding certain criminal matters, to the extent defendant has knowledge regarding such matters; DNA testing, \$50 VCCB, \$75 SNSF, \$30 LEOPA; Count 1 of I-01-07-43S is to be dismissed; defendant is to receive all lawful jail credits, including 414 days for the periods of July 27-28, 2001 and September 19, 2003 to November 3, 2004; both parties, the defendant and the State, waive the right to appeal the plea and the sentence. The sentence imposed in this matter on September 19, 2003 is to be vacated; and the sentence which is the subject of this renegotiated plea agreement is to be imposed.

Defendant has entered a renegotiated plea of guilty to Amended Count 2, I-01-07-43S, attempted theft by deception (purposely attempting to obtain property of another in excess of \$500 and less than \$75,000), a third

degree offense, in violation of N.J.S.A. 2C:5-1, 2C:20-4 and 2C:2-6.

Amended Count 2 charges defendant with insurance fraud, specifically,

That defendant, John Groff, Jr., between on or about June 2, 1996 and on or about April 8, 1997, at the Cities of Camden and Gloucester, at the Boroughs of Bellmawr, Runnemede, and Haddon Heights, at the Townships of Voorhees, Pennsauken, and Cherry Hill, in the County of Camden, at the Townships of Evesham and Moorestown, in the County of Burlington, at the Township of Holmdel, in the County of Monmouth, at the City of New Brunswick, in the County of Middlesex, elsewhere, and within the jurisdiction of this Court, the defendant did purposely obtain or attempt to obtain property of another in excess of \$500 and less than \$75,000 by deception, that is, the defendant did purposely obtain or attempt to obtain in excess of \$500 and less than \$75,000 from Alistate Insurance Company, State Farm Insurance Company, Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, Prudential Insurance Company, and Material Damage Adjustment Corporation, by creating the false impression that certain individuals had suffered bodily injuries as a result of motor vehicle accidents that occurred on June 2, 1996, June 20, 1996, June 26, 1996, July 13, 1996, July 24, 1996, and August 1, 1996; whereas, in truth and fact, as the defendant well knew, these individuals had not suffered bodily injuries, and said motor vehicle accidents had not occurred.

The Court has reviewed and considered the pre-sentence report,¹ the testimony of New Jersey Department of Criminal Justice Investigator Allan Buecker, Jr., concerning the substantial cooperation of defendant with law enforcement agents in other cases, and the arguments of counsel at sentencing.

¹ R. 3:21-2 (preparation and submission of presentence report to the Court; report shall contain all presentence material having any bearing whatever on the sentence and shall be furnished to the defendant and the prosecutor. In the pre-sentence report, the probation officer concludes that given the defendant's prior record and the presumption of incarceration for this offense, defendant does not appear to be a candidate for probation.

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Defendant's criminal history includes seven (7) prior convictions, namely, theft- illegal retention (6 counts) (Oct. 1992), with probation violated and terminated in 1997; bad check over \$200 (Sept. 1995); two convictions for issuing/passing bad check (Oct. 1995), with probation being violated and terminated in 1997; a CDS related offense (Oct. 1995), with probation being violated and terminated in 1997; theft by deception (Aug. 1996) (Pennsylvania); theft by deception (2 counts) (Nov. 1997). His history also includes 5 prior disorderly persons offenses: intimidation (1993); theft by deception (1994); theft of services (1994); bad check (no account) (1995); harassment (1998).

The presentence report includes the certification of New Jersey Department of Criminal Justice Investigator Allan Buecker, Jr., concerning the activities of defendant Groff that are the subject of this case. Mr. Buecker's duties include conducting investigations concerning insurance fraud crimes. He certifies in pertinent part that:

- 2. As part of my duties while employed with the Department of Banking and Insurance, I was assigned to the Division of Criminal Justice, as a special State Investigator in August 1996 regarding DCJ case file #96-1884-DI named John Groff. In November 1997, I was transferred to DCJ and was assigned as the lead investigator to the Groff case and handled the case through to indictment in July 2001.
- 3. In May 1996, John Groff approached this Office in an attempt to become a confidential informant regarding insurance fraud in Camden City, New Jersey. Groff was interviewed and vehemently denied any personal involvement with regard to staging any automobile accidents. The investigation later revealed that Groff was in fact actually staging automobile accidents during the same time

period, he was attempting to become a confidential informant for this Office.

- 4. On August 9, 1996, co-defendant Luis Ruiz provided a voluntary taped statement to the Pennsauken Police Department to support allegations of terroristic threats committed by John Groff. During his statement, Ruiz advised Detective Craig Morris that he and Groff were staging motor vehicle accidents in the Camden County area...This statement only gave approximate dates and locations of accidents staged by Groff and Ruiz. Through the course of this investigation, I reviewed in excess of 50 accident reports and investigated in excess of 15 potential staged accidents. It should be noted that defendant Groff was among a number of targets being investigated in this conspiratorial scheme.
- 5. DCJ did not interview, nor question John Groff before he went to State Prison in September 1997, since there was an ongoing investigation involving staged multi-vehicle accidents in the Camden County area. Nonetheless, Groff was well aware of the fact that this Office was investigating him and others connected to the same staged accidents. Through manipulative devices, Groff attempted to obstruct the State's investigation by tampering with witnesses, who may provide credible information leading to Groff's culpability. More specifically, [Dalia] Gonzales advised this Office that an individual contacted her at Groff's direction and offered to pay Gonzales Five Hundred (\$500.00) Dollars in United States currency, to convince individuals involved in the staging of car accidents with Groff, to sign paperwork recanting their statements provided to law enforcement...
- 6. Thereafter, from February 1998 to June 1998, I attended the Division of Criminal Justice Academy, Basic Course for Investigators. This was a full-time Police Academy that is certified by the State of New Jersey Police Training Commission.
- 7. In August 1998 due to internal manpower restraints, I was specially assigned to a Division priority investigation in Union County, New Jersey. My special assignment concluded in July 2000, at which time the Groff investigation resumed.
- 8. During the course of this protracted investigation, 19 voluntary sworn taped statements were obtained and transcribed. The following is a time line in which these statements were obtained:

August 1996 to December 1996, 8 statements were obtained from cooperating witnesses; January 1997 through August 1997, 7 statements were obtained through cooperating witnesses, and, December 2000 through April 2001, 5 statements were obtained from cooperating witnesses. Finally, 2 additional statements were obtained from cooperating witnesses post-indictment.

The pre-sentence report also includes the statement of Luis Ruiz detailing how defendant staged those accidents.

The aggravating factors are:

Factor 3: The risk that the defendant will commit another crime.

Factor 5: There is a substantial likelihood that the defendant is involved in organized criminal activity. The pre-sentence report includes statements of other persons involved in the "staged automobile accidents" scheme that defendant set up, concerning fake accidents, as well as fake victims, a lawyer for the fake victims (Michael Gernak), and a chiropractor to provide fake reports and bills. (Statement of co-defendant Luis Ruiz, Exhibit C to the Certification of Investigator Buecker in the pre-sentence report).

<u>Factor 6</u>: The extent of the defendant's prior criminal record and the seriousness of the offenses of which he has been convicted.

<u>Factor 9</u>: The need for deterring defendant and others from violating the law.

Factor 11: The imposition of a fine, penalty, or order for restitution without also imposing a term of imprisonment would be perceived by the defendant or others merely as part of the cost of doing business or as an acceptable contingent business or operating expense associated with the initial decision to resort to unlawful practices.

The mitigating factor is factor 12, the willingness of the defendant to cooperate with law enforcement authorities. His cooperation has

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continued ever since September 25, 2002. Exhibits attached to the State's sentencing brief reflect that defendant has provided law enforcement authorities extensive information respecting individuals involved in the manufacture or distribution of controlled dangerous substances; and information concerning an auto theft, an active "chop shop", and an organized auto theft ring. And at an October 13, 2004 in camera evidentiary hearing in this matter, Inv. Buecker testified that defendant has done substantial work for the New Jersey State Police in first degree narcotics cases, and that he and another State Police detective believe that defendant's substantial cooperation warrants consideration of a non-custodial sentence.

I find by a preponderance of the credible evidence that the mitigating factor, factor 12, substantially outweighs all aggravating factors.

There is no presumption of incarceration for a third degree offense.

This was a renegotiated plea agreement between the Prosecutor and the defendant. A period of probation with fines, mandatory penalties, conditions, is sufficient to deter this type of conduct and to satisfy the interest of justice. There is a presumption that a sentence imposed on a plea bargain defendant is reasonable. <u>State v. Sainz</u>, 107 <u>N.J.</u> 283, 294 (1987) (presumption of reasonableness attaches to sentences imposed on plea bargain defendants). This renegotiated plea agreement appears fair

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and in the interest of justice the Court will impose the recommended sentence.

Accordingly, defendant is sentenced as follows:

I-01-07-43S, Amended Count 2:

Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2C:45-1, defendant is sentenced to five (5) years supervised, reporting probation. The conditions include cooperation by defendant with law enforcement authorities regarding certain criminal matters, to the extent defendant has knowledge of such matters. Defendant must find and maintain full-time legitimate and verifiable employment. DNA testing. \$50 VCCB. \$75 SNSF. \$30 LEOPA. The probation supervision fee is \$10 per month.

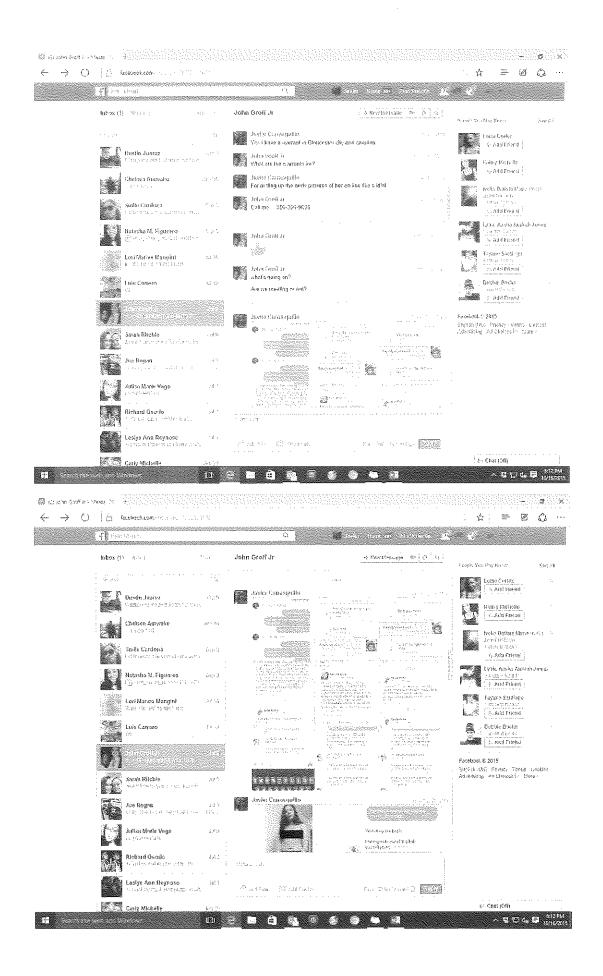
- Count 1 of I-01-07-43S is dismissed.
- Jail Credits: By Agreement of the Parties: 414 days (07/27 to 07/28/01, and 09/19/03 to 11/03/04).
- The previous sentence imposed on September 19, 2003 in this case is vacated.

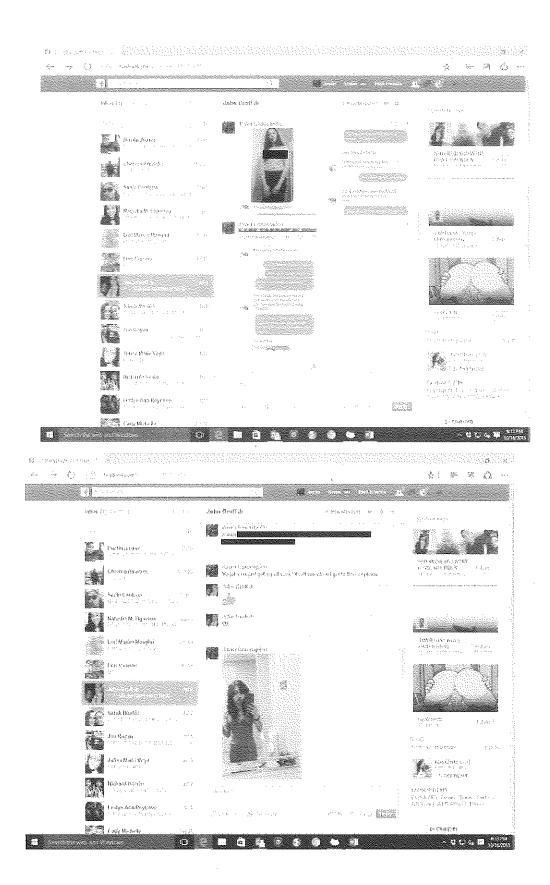
Dated: November 3, 2004

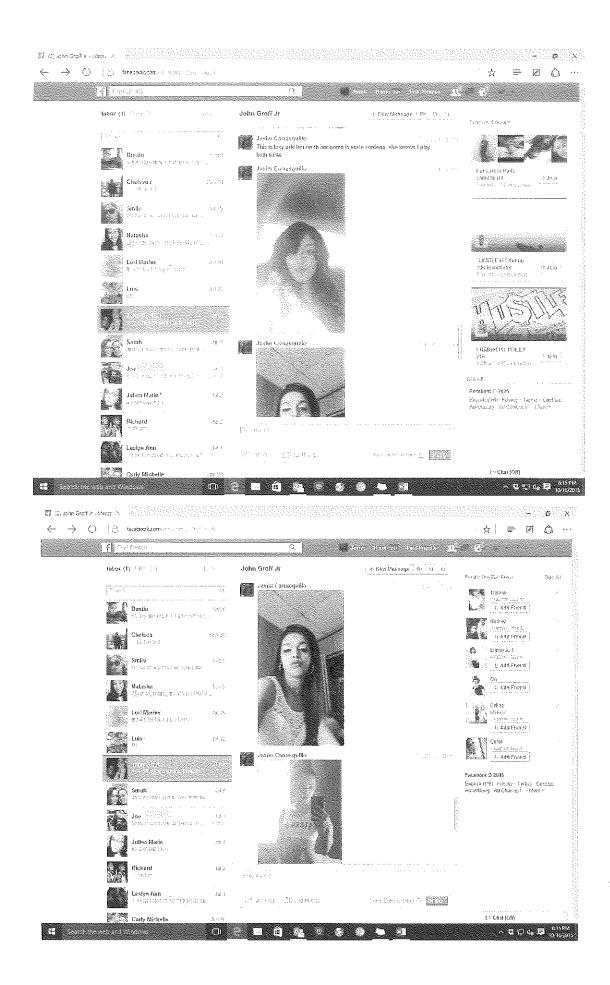
WILLIAM J. COOK. J.

EXHIBIT



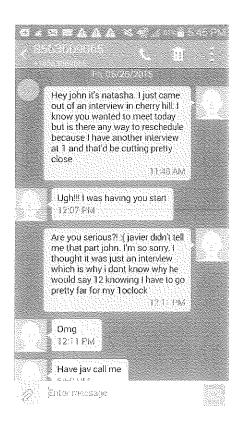


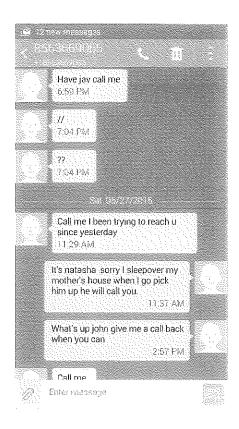


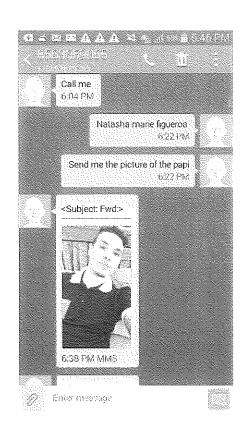


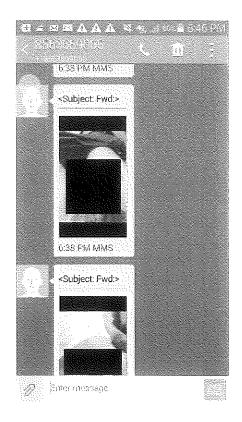


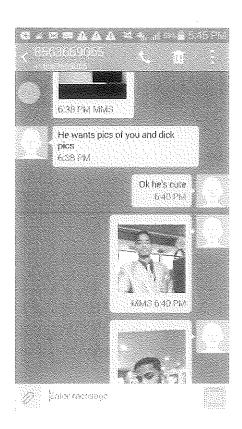
EXHIBIT

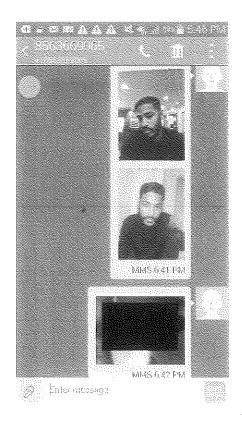


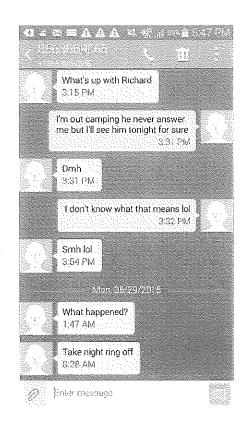


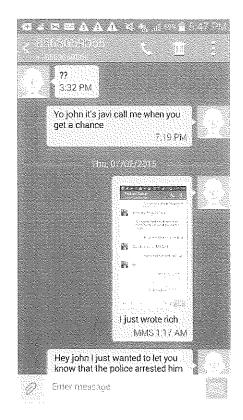


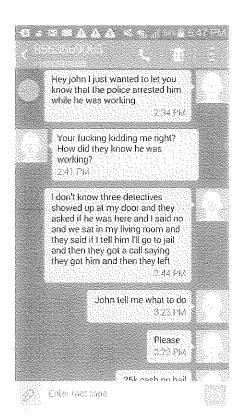


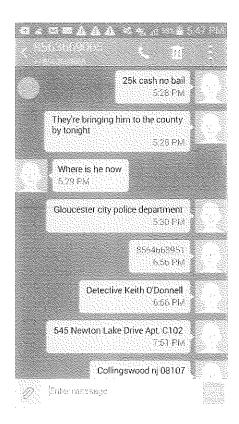


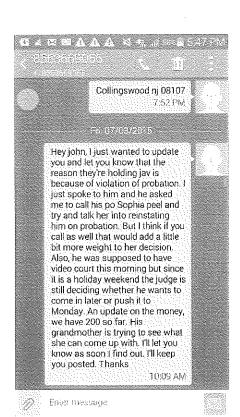


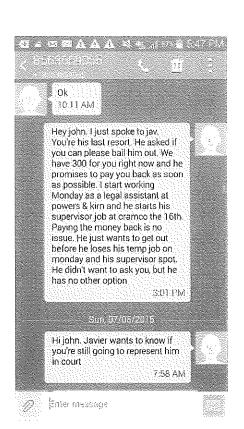


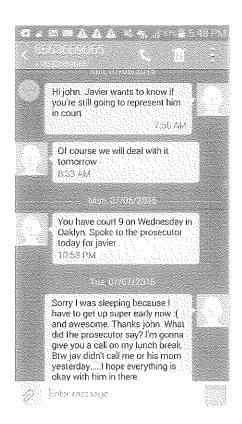


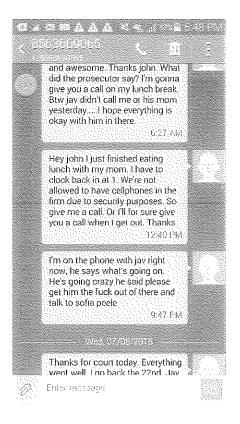


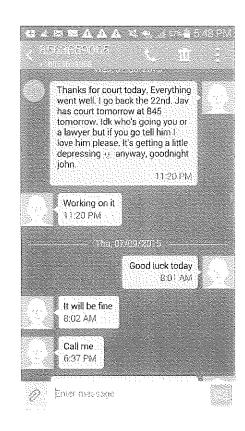


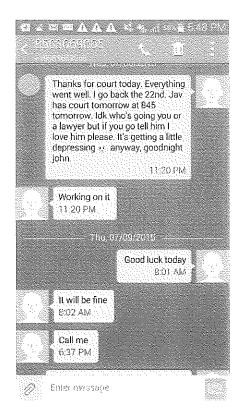


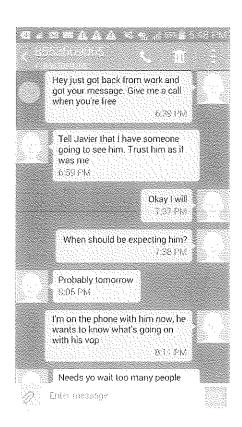


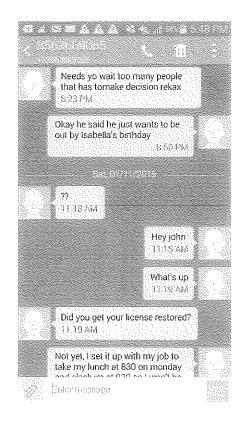


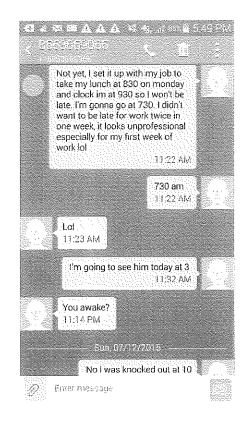


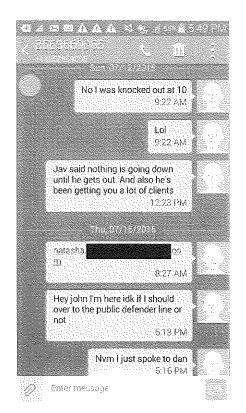


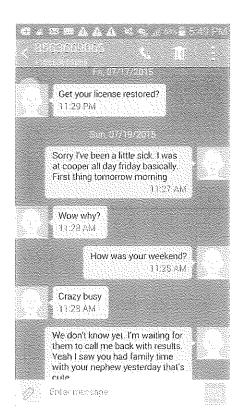


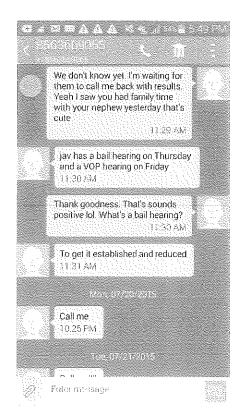


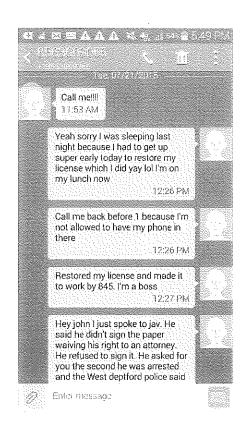


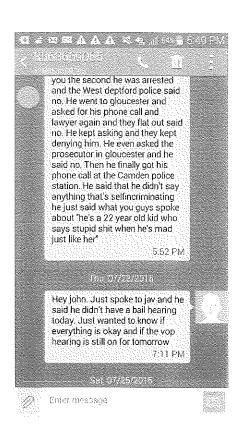


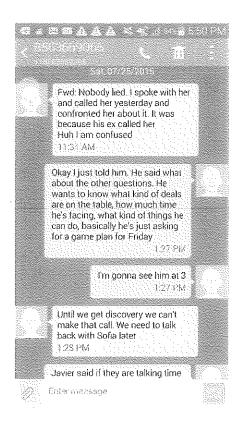


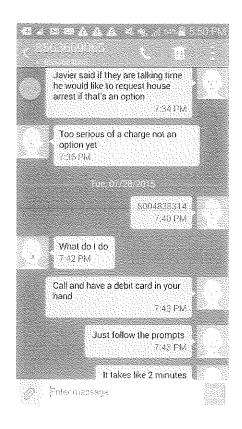


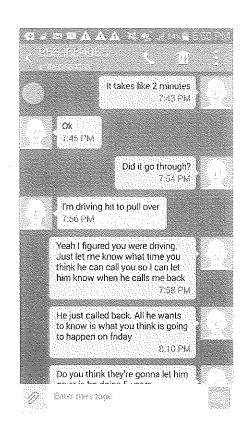


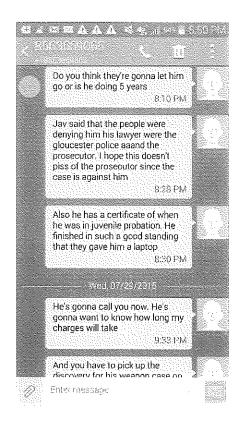


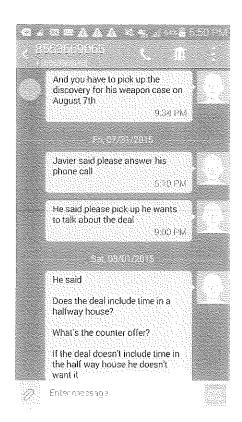


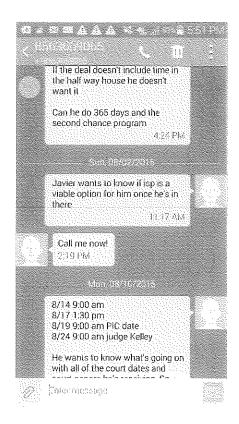


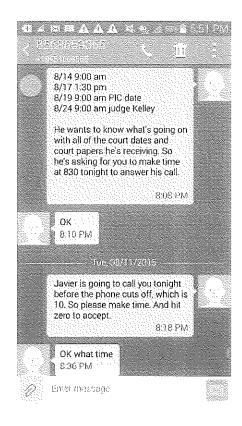


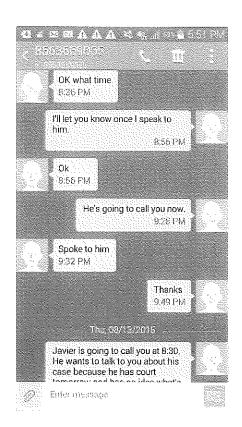


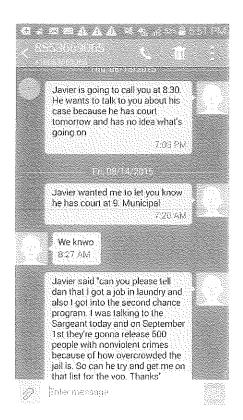


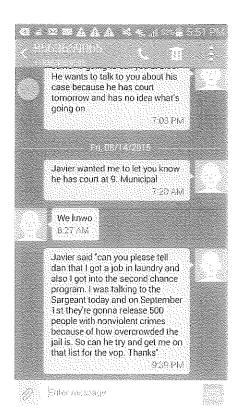












Civil Case Information Statement

Case Details: CAMDEN | Civil Part Docket# L-003489-18

Case Caption: NAVA JAVIER VS THE LAW OFFICES OF

C ONRAD J.

Case Initiation Date: 09/14/2018

Attorney Name: MATTHEW ALLEN LUBER
Firm Name: MC OMBER & MC OMBER, PC
Address: 54 SHREWSBURY AVENUE

RED BANK NJ 07701

Phone:

Name of Party: PLAINTIFF : NAVA, JAVIER

Name of Defendant's Primary Insurance Company

(if known): Unknown

Case Type: LAW AGAINST DISCRIMINATION (LAD) CASES

Document Type: Complaint with Jury Demand

Jury Demand: YES - 6 JURORS Hurricane Sandy related? NO

Is this a professional malpractice case? NO

Related cases pending: NO If yes, list docket numbers:

Do you anticipate adding any parties (arising out of same

transaction or occurrence)? NO

THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ON THIS FORM CANNOT BE INTRODUCED INTO EVIDENCE

CASE CHARACTERISTICS FOR PURPOSES OF DETERMINING IF CASE IS APPROPRIATE FOR MEDIATION

Do parties have a current, past, or recurrent relationship? YES

If yes, is that relationship: Business

Does the statute governing this case provide for payment of fees by the losing party? YES

Use this space to alert the court to any special case characteristics that may warrant individual management or accelerated disposition:

Do you or your client need any disability accommodations? NO If yes, please identify the requested accommodation:

Will an interpreter be needed? NO If yes, for what language:

I certify that confidential personal identifiers have been redacted from documents now submitted to the court, and will be redacted from all documents submitted in the future in accordance with *Rule* 1:38-7(b)

09/14/2018 Dated

/s/ MATTHEW ALLEN LUBER
Signed